

Decoupling ESG from Regulation

Building an Investor-Driven ESG Framework for Asia Pacific

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12

Practitioner Interviews

5

APAC Markets

0%

Rated Financial Linkage as “Always”

7

Framework Components

THE PROBLEM

Across APAC, ESG has been shaped by regulatory compliance rather than investor demand. Companies disclose what rules require. Investors receive information they cannot use. The result: a capital trust gap where material ESG risks remain unpriced, even as investors treat ESG as a systematic risk factor (Dobrick et al., 2025).

METHODOLOGY

- 1 Literature Review
- 2 Regulatory Gap Mapping
- 3 12 Semi-Structured Interviews
- 4 Thematic Analysis
- 5 Framework Development

KEY FINDINGS | PRIMARY RESEARCH

Financial Linkage Gap - Most Severe

Across all 12 interviews, no respondent found ESG disclosures clearly linked to revenue, costs, or valuation.

"Impact on revenue and cost is the missing linkage." – Company 1

Transition Plan Credibility

Targets are common; credible, funded implementation plans are not.

"Does the transition plan have proper target and CAPEX alignment?" – Company 2

Data Comparability

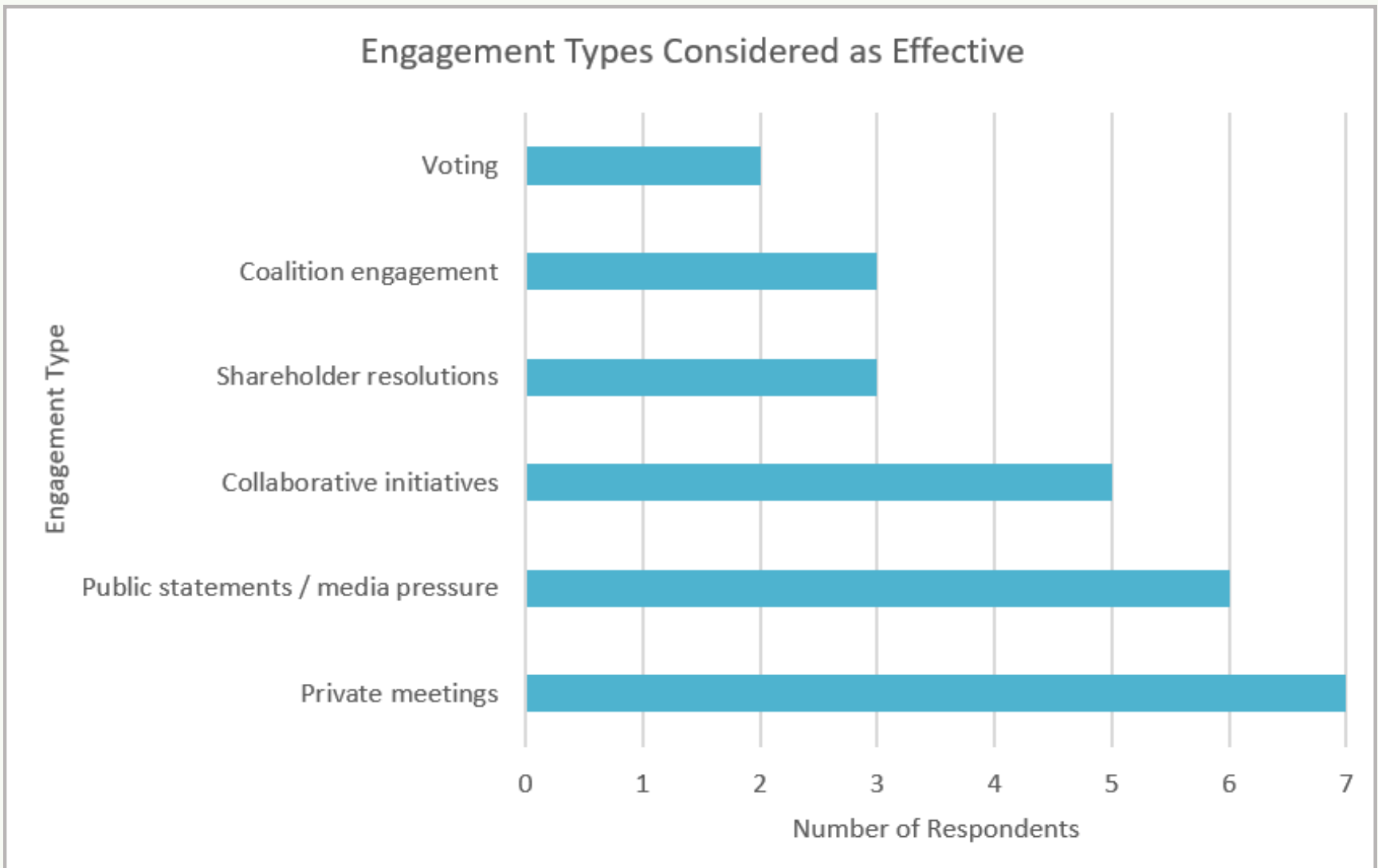
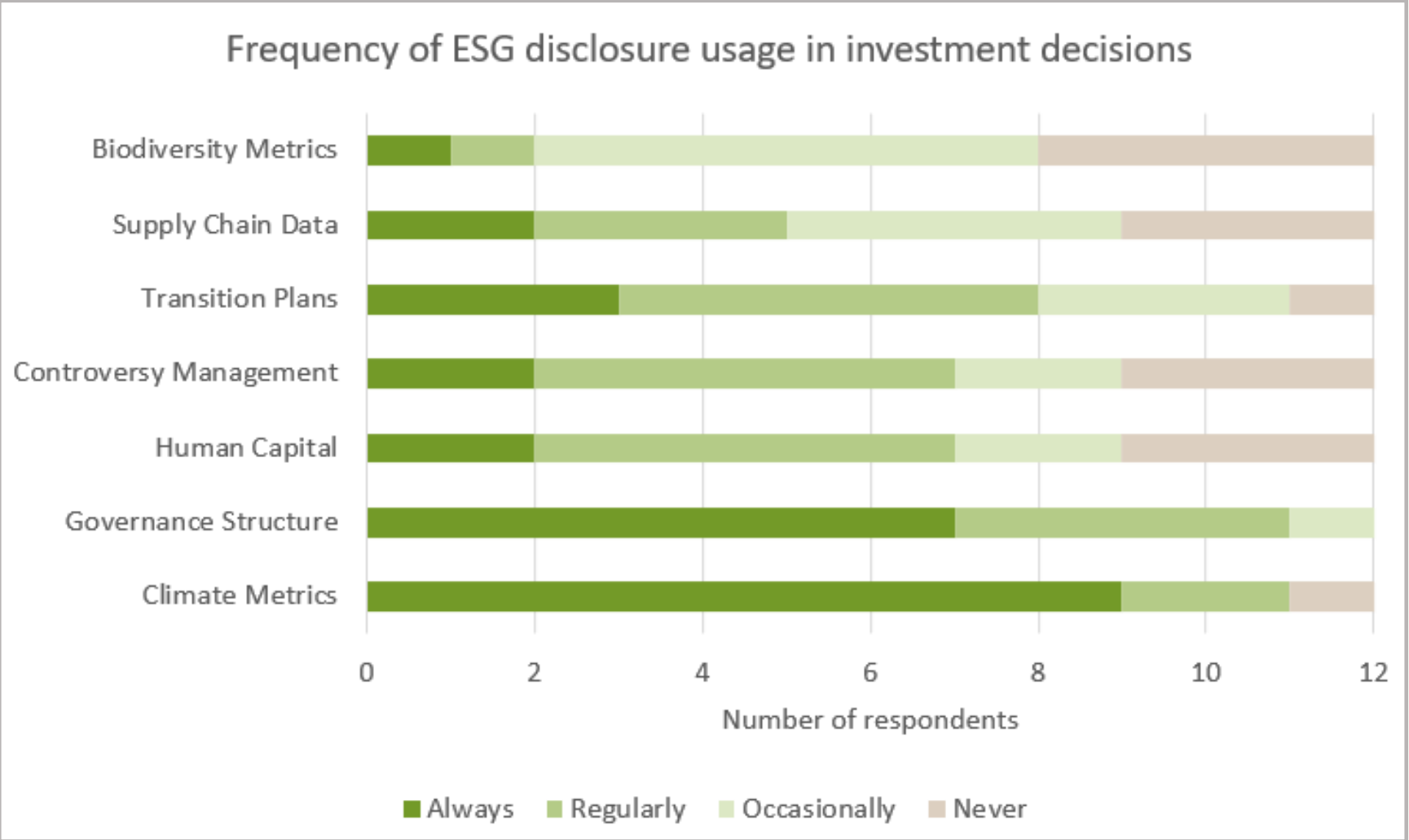
Inconsistent APAC standards force investors to rely on internal analysis; governance and climate data dominate, while biodiversity barely features.

"Most use third-party ratings only for benchmarking." – Company 1

Engagement Effectiveness

In APAC, private meetings outperform coalitions. Without a regulatory floor, investor-driven ESG cannot take hold.

"Coalition engagement is least effective in APAC." – Company 2



* Company names anonymised (Company 1/2) due to confidentiality reasons

THE INVESTOR-DRIVEN ESG FRAMEWORK

i

Financial Linkage

Map ESG to revenue, cost and CAPEX

ii

Transition Credibility

Milestone scorecard

iii

Comparable Data

APAC KPI set + confidence tiers

iv

Real Impl.

Policy → KPI → owner → progress

v

Investor Alignment

Mandate-specific use matrix

vi

Private Markets

Due diligence and reporting packs

vii

APAC Localisation

Regional context note per topic

"ESG only becomes financially consequential when information channels are strong enough for investor preferences to feed back into corporate decision-making."

Xue (2023) • Validated by primary research across 12 APAC investor organisations • Singapore • Hong Kong • Australia

IMPLICATIONS

For Regulators

Establish a baseline for financial linkage in ESG disclosures, extend rules to private assets, and harmonise APAC standards locally.

For Investors

Prioritise governance and climate, engage privately, and build mandate-specific use matrices.

For Companies

Pair ESG policies with KPIs, publish transition scorecards, and localise disclosure standards.